





| 1109        | 1319         | 1108           | 1220         | 1103           |
|-------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| Marsh Gray  | Clay         | Khaki          | Smokestack   | Pecan          |
| 1110        | 1102         | 1428           | 1105         | 1221           |
| Pebble      | Sand         | Espresso       | Smokey Tan   | Mocha Beige    |
| 1217        | 1112         | 1113           | 1216         | 1429           |
| Modern Gray | Wheatshock   | Sombrero Tan   | Overcast     | Colonial Brick |
| 1111        | 1219         | 1213           | 1107         | 1425           |
| Garden Gray | London Stone | Coachella Sand | Taupe        | Dark Cedar     |
| 1214        | 1323         | 1324           | 1325         | 1528           |
| Medium Gray | Outer Banks  | Barnstone      | French Roast | Terra Cotta    |
| 1427        | 1218         | 1326           | 1424         | 1526           |
| Dark Gray   | Fieldstone   | Brandywine     | Walnut       | Brick Red      |



Deco-Crete Integral Color is iron oxide pigment mixed to integrally color concrete by the cubic yard. Integral Color can be used as a stand alone project for smooth trowel, broom finish, countertops, walls, and many more applications. By using Deco-Crete Texturing Tools, Color Hardeners and Antique Releases you can create more colors and design options for any decorative concrete project.

**Mixing:** Use the same mix design, water content and mixing time to ensure consistent color from batch to batch. Every job should be a minimum cement content of 6 sacks per cubic yard and a maximum 4" slump. Integral Color can be added at any time to the concrete but is recommended at the concrete plant. Once pour has begun, additional water should be kept at a minimum. If the slump and mix design are not met from batch to batch, color variation may occur. A JOBSITE SAMPLE IS RECOMMENDED.

Preparation of Jobsite: Concrete will not cure evenly if poured over inconsistent sub-grades, plastic, mix of dirt, wood, asphalt or existing concrete. The majority of the water will be forced to the surface to evaporate causing efflorescence. In hot conditions, subgrade must be kept moist before each pour, this allows the moisture from being absorbed too fast through the concrete. Make sure there is good drainage and the aggregate is compacted. Problems can occur if pouring concrete over plastic such as excessive bleed water, shrinkage, uneven drying time and efflorescence. If pouring over plastic is required on job sites consider using 2"- 4" of sand or gravel between the plastic and concrete. Alteration to the mix design may need to be made if pouring directly onto plastic.



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**Additives:** DO NOT USE CALCIUM CHLORIDE. Plasticizers, water reducers and air entraining products that are designed for colored concrete may be used.

**Curing:** DO NOT COVER, FOG OR WET CURE COLORED SURFACES. We recommend Deco-Crete D-One or Deco-Crete Super Stamp Seal for curing and sealing any colored/decorative concrete.

**Warranty:** PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY. Product is intended for licensed concrete contractors, that have the experience and training to use this product. End user is responsible for product aptness and assumes all risks and liability. Obligations of the manufacturer will be limited to refunding the purchase price or replacing the product if deemed defective.

